The Best Partner of Energy, Water and Environment



# GENERAL INFORMATION USER'S MANUAL

## Colormetry

## CMU-324CLE

**Free Residual Chlorine** 

## For Europe

This document was formulated in Japan. Comply with the regulations and standards of the country of use regarding installation and usage.

The specifications of products and components may vary with country of use and the site situation.

INFORMATION IN THIS MANUAL MAY BE CHANGED WITHOUT NOTICE.

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Release date : March 2017

## **Important Safety Information**

Before using the Colormetry CMU-324CLE, ensure that this User's Manual is read and fully understood; furthermore, the instructions given herein should be strictly observed during operation.

Failure to use the Colormetry CMU-324CLE in the appropriate manner can, therefore, result in death, injury, the outbreak of fire, and other serious accidents.

In order to ensure that tasks undertaken during operation and maintenance of the Colormetry CMU-324CLE can be completed safely, it is critical that all dangerous and hazardous parts of this equipment be confirmed in advance. Here at MIURA, it is practically impossible to anticipate all potentially dangerous situations, and therefore, this User's Manual deals only with known hazards. A higher level of safety can be achieved by careful observation of the warnings and instructions set forth herein.

Safety-related warnings are classified according to the following three levels, and notification of these warnings is provided within this User's Manual and using warning labels on the equipment itself.



Indicates an imminently dangerous situation which leads to serious injury or death to the user, if the product is mishandled.



Indicates a situation which might cause serious injury or death to the user, if the product is mishandled.



Indicates a situation which might cause minor injury to the user or the occurrence of physical damage only, if the product is mishandled.

If any part used in the product fails, contact your dealer or MIURA sales office to have it replaced with a genuine part. Using parts with other model numbers may reduce the safety.

It should be noted that unauthorized alteration of the Colormetry CMU-324CLE and repair procedures other than those described herein can pose a serious safety risk. Never customize or repair the equipment without permission from MIURA.

### Introduction

This document describes the methods of handling the Colormetry CMU-324CLE (hereinafter called "the equipment") to ensure its proper use.

Not only those who use the equipment for the first time but also those who know the handling methods should read this document carefully and understand the proper handling methods before use of the equipment.

Furthermore, we also recommend that this User's Manual be safely kept in close proximity to the equipment so that it can be referred to at any time to confirm the correct usage.

Follow the INSTALLATION AND START UP USER'S MANUAL (separate volume) for installing the equipment.

#### [Explanation of Notation]

The meanings of the symbols used in this manual are as shown below.

$\bigcirc$	Indicates a prohibited action (what you must not do).
	Indicates a possibility of injury when a specific location of the product is touched.
	Indicates a possibility of electric shock when the product is handled with wet hands.
0	Indicates an action to be taken according to an instruction (what to be executed).
ļ	Indicates an action connecting a grounding wire.
	Indicates a caution
	Indicates a possibility of injury due to high temperatures under specific conditions.
NOTE	Used to highlight important information to prevent equipment malfunction as well as tips for efficient work and other useful information.
	Indicates the page of related information.

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#### SECTION 1 SAFETY

#### **Safety Regulations** 1

Handling of the equipment is comprised of operations associated with running of the equipment and operations regarding maintenance.

Only those who have received a handling explanation with this User's Manual should operate the equipment.

Арр	licable to All Wate	r Treatment E	quipment (Rela	ated Laws and Regulations)	Document No.: 98-002-03
1) The table belo information or	ow shows part of the other relevant laws	laws and regulations	ations on equipn	ws and regulations nent installation and use. Refer to contact the supervisory authority	
<ol> <li>The document If you have and</li> <li>The laws and</li> </ol>	ts to be submitted an ny questions, contac	nd their destinati t your nearest de elow may not ap	on vary dependi ealer, MIURA sa	and regulations in effect when the in ng on your equipment and facilities les office, or the competent superv reatment equipment. Refer only to	s. risory authority.
Related laws and regulations	Form(s) to be submitted	Destination	Submission timing	Rem	narks
Water Quality Pollution Control Act, River Act, Sewerage Service Act, etc.Verification required from local towns and cities in which the water treatment equipment or other equipment is installed. (The laws and regulations in some areas may be defined even more specifically in accordance with regional regulations.)		Drain water may be produced de treatment equipment and equipm be treated in other ways to preve and the like. In cases where the total amount amount on a per-plant basis or v specified facilities, an applicatior conditions may vary from region should contact your local authori	nent operation. Drain water must ent it from damaging waterways of drain water exceeds the legal where the equipment is used at is necessary. However, the to region. Accordingly, you ities for more information.		
Regional Pollution Prevention Ordinance	Notification as required by the applicable ordinance	As set forth by the relevant regional authorities	As set forth by the relevant regional authorities	Applicability is defined independ prevention ordinances based; ac your local authorities for more in ordinances concerning air polluti and the like may supersede the regulations.)	ccordingly, you should contact formation. (Certain regional ion, noise, vibration, drain water,
Water Supply Act	None	_	_	(Prohibition of direct waterworks Water treatment equipment (exc cannot be connected directly to necessary to either set up a feed systems using, for example, a flo Details may vary from region to contact your local authorities for	luding certified equipment) waterworks. Instead, it is d water tank or to isolate the pat valve. region; accordingly, you should
	Design specifications for dedicated waterworks, Notification of the start of feeding water	As set forth by the relevant regional authorities	_	Business operators are to submi governments for drinking water w where the volume of water intake as prescribed by law which requ waterworks systems regardless your local authorities for details.	wells for industrial use in facilities e exceeds the allowed quantity ire the use of dedicated
Act on Maintenance of Sanitation in Buildings	None	_	_	Buildings are to be preserved an water quality analysis, and other Hygiene Control Standards.	
Food Sanitation Act	No notification made for equipment and related matters	_	_	Measures are to be implemented and prevent sanitation hazards i laws.	
Industrial Safety and Health Act	None	_	_	When using substances specifie specified chemical substances), selected, all such substances ar accordance with applicable laws is necessary.	a qualified operator must be e to be handled and managed in
Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Act	None	_	_	All such substances are to be sta accordance with applicable laws handled properly in accordance information listed on the SDS for	<ul> <li>Chemical substances are to be with the guidance and r the relevant material.</li> </ul>
Fire Service Act	Notification as set forth by local fire departments	The nearest fire department	Prior to the start of work	Local fire chiefs or fire departme advance of any plans for any pa substances (chemical substance designated quantity as specified regulations	rty to use or store certain es and other materials) of a

regulations.

## 2 Safety-related Knowledge and Expertise

Usage of the equipment requires knowledge and experience of the operation and maintenance of mechanical equipment.

In addition, only the following persons should be permitted to perform work on the equipment.

• Operators who have read and fully understood this User's Manual.

## **3** Protective Equipment

Wear protective items such as a helmet, safety glasses, a safety mask, safety footwear, and leather gloves as necessary for the task in hand.

## 4 Prohibition of Unapproved Modification

Customization or modification not recommended by MIURA may present safety problems and is therefore prohibited. If you wish to modify your water treatment equipment, contact your dealer or MIURA sales office in advance. It should be noted that MIURA will accept no responsibility for the outcome of unapproved customization.



## 5 Warning Labels on the Equipment

Warning labels are pasted at all locations that require attention to be paid during operation.

If any warning label is peeled off or torn, replace it with a new one.

For further details on warning labels contact your dealer or MIURA sales office.



Reagent cartridge Left side / back side

## 6 Safety Precautions

## 6.1 Installation

During installation, observe the following safety information.



## NOTE

### Water Leakage Countermeasures

Factors such as loose connectors and aging of pipe materials can lead to water leakage. It is important that drain ditches be setup for the water treatment equipment and all peripheral equipment.

(In order to prevent water from leaking outside the room or downstairs, set up a drain ditch that completely encloses the whole equipment, ensure that the floor itself is waterproof, make the floor slope downward to the drain port, and take any other necessary steps.)



## 6.2 Safety Precautions

During operation, observe the following safety information.

NOTE

Please wipe with dry soft cloth when cleaning.

Rubbing with hard cloth may make scratches.

## 



Do not insert fingers into the regent cartridge receptacle. There is possibility of injury by chemical injection roller inside the equipment.

# 



Do not insert any objects into the reagent cartridge receptacle other items. It will cause an evaluation and system errors. Even if the equipment is not to use for a while and disconnect from the power supply, do not remove the reagent cartridge to prevent a contamination.

## 6.3 Pre-operation Inspection (Excerpt from page 21 onwards)

During pre-operation Inspection, observe the following safety information.



Do not operate the equipment if water is leaking.

Turning switches ON and OFF while water is leaking may lead to fire or electric shocks.

Make sure the main power circuit breaker is turned OFF and contact your dealer or MIURA sales office.

# 



Do not place anything which might cause electric leakage underneath the equipment.

The equipment is designed to drain water from the bottom of the equipment if there is inner water leakage. Water might splash to the item under the equipment.

## 6.4 Inspection and Maintenance (Excerpt from page 37 onwards)

During inspection and maintenence, observe the following safety information.



Never disassemble the reagent cartridge.

Reagent may splatter onto the skin or the eyes.

If the reagent gets on the skin or in the eyes, rinse immediately with water.

# 



Do not place anything which might cause electric leakage underneath the equipment.

The equipment is designed to drain water from the bottom of the equipment if there is inner water leakage. Water might splash to the item under the equipment.

# 

Do not apply grease or lube when install the filter casing assembly. It might damage the material of the equipment and cause water leakage.

# 

 $\bigcirc$ 

Do not use the equipment if there is smoke, abnormal odor or noise, excessive overheating, or other abnormalities. If an abnormality occurs, do not operate the equipment. Also, make sure an earth leakage circuit breaker is turned OFF and a main feed-water valve is closed and contact your dealer or MIURA sales office.

Failure to observe this precaution may lead to electric shock, fire, or a fault.

## 



Replace a tube if a defect such as deformation (a bend or fold), discoloration, hardening, or cracking is detected on the tube surface. If a deteriorated tube is continuously used, it can rip and cause water leakage.

Please use specified tubes when exchanging tubes. Using tubes other than specified tubes may cause leakage.

# 



If there is a defect or cracking on the filter casing assembly, turn OFF an earth leakage circuit breaker and close a main feed-water valve. Then, replace the filter casing assembly.

If water leakage is not stopped even though tightening the filter casing assembly and tube joint, replace the filter casing assembly.

## 6.5 Storage (Excerpt from page 47 onwards)

During storage, observe the following safety information.



 $\bigcirc$ 

Do not perform any unapproved installation work or connect any peripheral equipment.

Failure to observe this precaution may lead to personal injuries.

## **SECTION 2 OVERVIEW**

## 1 Outline

## 1.1 Usage

The available chlorine remaining in the water (hereinafter "residual chlorine") is oxidative and has biocidal efficiency. The purpose of the chlorine treatment is to suppress the generation and growth of microorganism, fungi, algae, and shellfish in the feed water, and to achieve a water quality appropriate for the water usage. The excess input of chlorine causes chlorine odor, corrosion of the pipes, and discharging hazardous substances into rivers. The residual chlorine concentration must be monitored and controlled according to the each control standard. The Colormetry CMU-324CLE provides high quality monitoring system and safety to the customers by monitoring water quality (free residual chlorine) automatically and regularly.

## 1.2 Purpose

The Colormetry CMU-324CLE is a device for monitoring water quality. It is not a device for measuring. It is not based on DPD method or other official methods. The result data cannot be used for inspection or analysis of the water treatment system.

Usage example:

- Monitoring residual chlorine concentration of the iron-removal equipment or manganeseremoval equipment
- Monitoring performance of the activated carbon filter (to prevent degradation of RO equipment membrane)

#### 1.3 System Layout

The Colormetry consists of the reagent cartridge (the indicator), reagent indicator mechanism, monitoring system and feed-water and drain systems.



#### **Colormetry layout**

### 1.4 Principle

The Colormetry is a device to monitor ionic concentrations in water by applying colorimetric analysis. In a colorimetric analysis process the ionic and other concentration in water is monitored by allowing a reagent to react against the target ions and others, and monitoring the transmissivity of the resultant coloration for light of a specific wavelength. The Colormetry replaces this process by an electrical monitoring system and automates the entire process. Other features include the remote alarm output, self check function, and display, as well as the monitor standby while the sample water stopped (remote signal input).

Monitor process is indicated as follows.



- [1] Washing and filling the monitor chamber with sample water The solenoid valve opens, filling the monitor chamber with sample water. The old sample water remaining in the chamber is pushed out, and the chamber is washed at the same time.
- [2] Injecting reagent and stirring sample water The solenoid valve closes, and the injection pump inject the reagents into the sample water. The electromagnetic induction coil, activated at the same time, mixes the water and reagent. The reagent causes coloration of the sample water in accordance with the free residual chlorine concentration of the water.
- [3] Monitoring the sample water

The light source is activated to project light into the sample water. The photereceptor electronically monitors the light transmitted through the sample water. The intensity of the transmitted light varies, depending on the color of the sample water. These variations are caused by light absorption in the water, which varies with the color of the water.

[4] Evaluating the concentration and displaying the result The concentration is evaluated from the monitoring value, and the result is indicated on the LCD.

### 1.5 Applicable Water Condition

The Colormetry CMU-324CLE monitors free residual chlorine. Use CMU-CL2 reagent cartridge. The reagent may be affected by substances other than free residual chlorine. Keep the following items in an allowable range. If the water condition is out of range, the equipment may fail to monitor correctly.

Items	Allowable range
Fe (Iron)	1.0mg/L or less
M-Alkalinity	500mg/L or less
рН	5.0 ~ 8.6
Ammoniacal nitrogen	0.3mg/L or less (*1)
Oxidative substances	(*2)

- \*1: Nitrogen compound in the water are categorized as inorganic (ammoniacal nitrogen, nitrate nitrogen) or organic. Some organic nitrogen reacts with sodium hypochlorite and generates combined chlorine that has strong oxidative power. The Colormetry determines the strongly oxidative chlorine as free residual chlorine.
- \*2: The Colormetry determines oxidative substances such as bromine, iodine, chlorine dioxide, ozone, permanganate ion [MnO<sub>4</sub>-], and dichromate ion [Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub><sup>2-</sup>] as free residual chlorine.
  - \*\* Usually city water does not exceed the allowable range. Pay close attention to ground water and industrial water.

#### Other precautions

- Depending on the period of use of the piping or the place of monitoring, the accurate concentration control is not available due to consumption of chlorine by the piping.
- The iron accumulated on the fiber filter uses chlorine to oxidize and causes lower monitoring value. Replace the fiber filter every 4 months.

#### **1.6 Highlights of Features**

The Colormetry has the following features:

[1] Monitors residual chlorine concentration automatically

The monitoring process is fully automated, saving a significant amount of work by eliminating the need for complicated manual procedures.

[2] Requires no periodic calibration

The equipment needs no cumbersome periodic calibrations.

[3] Includes built-in timer

Monitoring period may be set as desired. (e.g. daily between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.) Interval for each monitoring may set as desired.

(The interval is selectable in 30-minute increments between 30 and 240 minutes.)

- [4] Alarm set point for the concentration anomaly High concentration anomaly: 0.05 ~ 2.0mg/L
   Low concentration anomaly: 0.05 ~ 1.8mg/L
- [5] Evaluates concentration anomaly at higher accuracy

When a concentration anomaly is detected, monitoring is repeated a number of times (concentration anomaly retry; selectable between 1 and 3 times) to prevent a temporary fluctuation from triggering an alarm. In addition, such an anomaly must be repeated in a series of monitoring at a preset interval for a number of times (response alarm cycle; also selectable between 1 and 8 times). When all of these monitoring results indicate a concentration anomaly, it is finally evaluated that a concentration anomaly exists and the alarm is issued.

[6] Indicates data on the display screen

The display indicates the evaluated result, and the major cause of system error occurs in the equipment.

[7] Offers an alarm function

When it is evaluated that there is a high or low concentration anomaly, the buzzer sounds. By the remote alarm output, the alarm signal can be transmitted to a remote location. Offers a self check function. If a system error occurs in the equipment, a typical cause will be displayed in the same manner as the concentration anomaly.

[8] Stores records of concentration anomaly

The equipment stores the records of occurrence date and time, evaluated result and recovery date and time for each of the 5 latest incidents of concentration anomaly.

#### [9] Requires minimal maintenance

The reagent cartridge may be replaced using a one-touch action. The reagent cartridge needs no replacement for approximately 4 months in typical applications. (Note that more frequent replacement may be necessary, depending on the application.)

[10] Compact in design, easy to install

The main equipment is installed easily on a wall. Installation is a simple process.

#### [11] About advanced features

- Remote signal input function

The external signal controls whether to perform monitoring or not. This enables to remotely stop monitoring while the system, which the Colormetry is monitoring for, is stopped.

· Remote alarm output

The remote alarm output, the alarm signal can be transmitted to a remote location as a contact output in case that concentration anomaly or system error occurs in the equipment.

· Regent cartridge exchange output

This output may be used to transmit to a remote location when a reagent cartridge needs to be replaced.

[12] Data capture tool

Up to 10,000<sup>(\*1)</sup> monitor records (monitored date and results) can be stored in the Colormetry. Also, by using a dedicated data capture tool installed on the PC <sup>(\*2)</sup>, the monitor record data can be transferred to the PC. However, the Colormetry and PC must be connected by an RS-232C cable <sup>(\*3)</sup>.

\*1: Data for almost 1 year can be stored when monitoring at an interval of 60 minutes. However, if manual monitoring is repeated, or if the monitor interval is set to less than 60 minutes, the data will be stored for less than 1 year. When the number of records exceeds 10,000, the oldest monitor record data is deleted.

The data is in CSV format. The year-round trend can be managed through graph creation software such as Microsoft Excel.

- \*2: Compatible PC OS is Windows® XP 32bit and Windows® 7 32bit.
- \*3: Use a female 9-pin D-Sub serial straight RS-232C cable (sold separately). The cable length should be 1 m or less.

#### NOTE

If power is not supplied to the Colormetry for long periods of time, the internal memory will be lost, and the record data will be initialized. If you do not intend to use the Colormetry for a long time, capture the monitor data before cutting off the power. The standard backup period is a maximum of 7 days in a 25°C environment.



Data capture connection

\*\* Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Excel<sup>®</sup>, Windows<sup>®</sup> XP, and Windows<sup>®</sup> 7 are trademarks or registered trademarks of Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Corporation in the United States and other countries.

## 2 Name of Parts

2.1 Overall View





## 2.2 Reagent Cartridge





2.3 Filter Casing Assembly



## **3** Specifications

#### 3.1 General Specifications

•		
Power supply	DC 24V (±10%) <sup>(*1)</sup>	
Power consumption	15W (on operation)	
Ambient operating temperature	41°F ~ 122°F(5°C ~ 50°C)	
Raw water temperature	41°F ~ 104°F(5°C ~ 40°C)	
Humidity	20%RH ~ 90%RH	
	(without ice or dew condensation)	
Raw water pressure	7.1~ 71psi	
	(0.05MPa ~ 0.49MPa)	
Altitude	Up to 2000m	
Overvoltage category	I (not directory connected to mains)	
Pollution Degree	2	
Installation method	Indoor wall mount (*2)	
EU Harmonized Standards	EN61326-1:2013	

This product is out of the scope of Low Voltage Directive.

\*\*Usage Environment

- · Industrial area, Laboratory
- (Note) This product may cause interference if used in residential areas. Such use must be avoided unless the user takes special measures to reduce electromagnetic emissions to prevent interference to the reception of radio and television broadcasts.
- · Do not install the product near a device that generates a large amount of electromagnetic noise.
- Separate the power supply of this product from the power supply of devices that generate electromagnetic noise.

There is a possibility that equipment does not perform normal operation.

### 3.2 Physical Data

External dimensions	5"[W] × 4"[L] × 20 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "[H] (125[W] ×100[L] ×515[H] mm)
Mass	4.2lb (1.9kg)

### 3.3 Monitoring Capabilities

Evaluation method	Via the Colorimetric method
Evaluation ranges	Free residual chlorine: 0.0 ~ 2.0mg/L (*3)
Alarm ranges	High concentration anomaly : 0.05 ~ 2.0mg/L
	Low concentration anomaly : 0.05 ~ 1.8mg/L
Reagent cartridge replacement cycle	Every 4 months <sup>(*4)</sup>
Remote alarm output (*5)	Open collector output
Water passing output	Maximum rating: DC 24V 70mA
Cartridge exchange output (*5)	
Remote signal input	No voltage contact input
	(Contact A or Contact B)
Drainage	Approx. 1000mL/monitor (*6)

\*\*10,000 measurement results can be stored as record.

### 3.4 Feed-water and Drain-water Connection

Feed-water connection diameter	For connecting 6mm external dia. tube (*7)
Drain-water connection diameter	For connecting 8mm external dia. tube (*7)

- \*1: The DC24V input should be supplied by a power supply (AC adaptor) as a LPS (Limited Power Source) under the EN60950-1.
- \*2: The mounting bracket is attached to the equipment.
- \*3: Indicated value: 0.0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0 mg/L or more.
- \*4: The warranty period of a reagent cartridge is 1 year for unopened product or 4 months after opening the pack. The reagent will last approximately 4 months on the basis of every 3 hours monitor. If monitors are taken at an interval of less than 3 hours or repeated frequently, the reagent may not last for 4 months.
- \*5: The LEDs on the front cover turn on when an external alarm or when the reagent cartridge needs replacement. Once the system error and concentration anomaly are resolved, and the reagent cartridge is replaced, each LED lights off.
- \*6: The drainage volume with a constant flow valve is listed. The drainage volume may vary depending on the water temperature or degradation level of a constant flow valve.
- \*7: The feed-water and drain-water tubes are attached to the equipment.

Replace a tube if a defect such as deformation (a bend or fold), discoloration, hardening, or cracking is detected on the tube surface. If a deteriorated tube is continuously used, it can rip and cause water leakage. Make a daily check on whether the tubes are in normal condition.

Use specified tubes when exchanging tubes. Using tubes other than specified tubes may cause leakage.

Please contact your dealer or MIURA sales office.

### 3.5 Accessories

- 6mm dia. feed-water tube
- 8mm dia. drain-water tube
- Fiber filter (cartridge type)
- Filter casing assembly
- Ball valve and other plumbing parts
- · Mounting bracket and other miscellaneous parts
- Thermistor fixing set
- User's Manual

### 3.6 Consumable Parts (Sold Separately)

- Reagent cartridge (CMU-CL2)
- Fiber filter (cartridge type)

## **SECTION 3 PRE-OPARATION INSPECTION**

## 1 Inspections and Preparations before Start up

1.1 Inspection and Preparation of the Surrounding Area Peripheral Equipment

Check the following points before starting operation of the Colormetry.



Make sure no water is leaking from the equipment and from around the piping.

• Do not start the operation if a leakage is found. Instead, ensure that the main power breaker is set to the OFF position, and then contact your dealer or MIURA sales office.

## NOTE

### Water Leakage Countermeasures

Factors such as loose connectors and aging of pipe materials can lead to water leakage. It is important that drain ditches be setup for the water treatment equipment and all peripheral equipment.

(In order to prevent water from leaking outside the room or downstairs, set up a drain ditch that completely encloses the whole equipment, ensure that the floor itself is waterproof, make the floor slope downward to the drain port, and take any other necessary steps.)



## 2 Preparations before Start up

# 



Do not place anything which might cause electric leakage underneath the equipment.

The equipment is designed to drain water from the bottom of the equipment if there is inner water leakage. Water might splash to the item under the equipment.

#### \*Check the following items before start up.

- Raw water pressure should be 7.1~ 71psi (0.05MPa ~ 0.49MPa).
- The sample water collecting point (branching from main piping) to the filter casing assembly should be within 1m.

If the Colormetry is installed much higher place, it might cause an evaluation error because of the lack of sample water.

 Open the ball valve at the sample water collecting point and let water run into the feed-water tube (See Fig.3-1).



Figure 3-1 Feed-water system

## **SECTION 4 OPERATION**

## 1 Operation

## 1.1 Self Check Mode

When supply the power to the equipment, the self check starts automatically.

- If the equipment is working correctly, the self check completes in about 2 minutes.
- At its completion of the self check, the buzzer sounds 4 times and monitoring starts.

#### Remote signal

When the remote signal is utilized, the equipment keeps in standby until the remote signal permits monitoring.

#### System error

If the equipment is not normal condition, the self check is repeated.

During a repeated self check, "Self Check Retry" is displayed.

If the equipment fails for the self check all 5 times, the buzzer sounds and the mode changes to the system error standby mode and an error message displays in the LCD.



P45 Section 6 1 Self Check Function

## NOTE

"Wash F :F265" or Wash Flow F:F086" is displayed and buzzer sounds during start up or first operation after replacing the fiber filter in spite that the ball valve is open and pressure is applied.

This is an initial phenomenon caused by bubbles in the filter casing assembly. It is not a system error.

If the same alarm occurs, repeat this process several times.



P24 Section 4 1.3 Manual Monitoring

### **1.2 Automatic Monitoring**

When the present time of the monitor interval has passed, monitoring starts. The monitoring start timing is also controlled by the remote signal.

\*While monitoring, the monitoring stop time passed, the Colormetry back to standby as soon as the monitor process completed.

- 1. Monitoring will take 2 to 5 minutes. The washing period will change from 40 to 200 sec. according to the sample water volume.
- 2. If the system error occurs, the equipment will enter the system error standby mode.



P45 Section 6 1 Self Check Function

#### 1.3 Manual Monitoring

Press the manual monitor switch to monitor regardless of the monitor interval, remote signal, monitor start or stop time settings.

If the Colormetry is under the high temperature control mode and the sample water is hot, monitoring does not start.



### NOTE

The monitoring does not start, if the reagent cartridge is not installed.

## 2 FUNCTIONS

### 2.1 Remote Signal Input

#### 2.1.1 Method

Monitoring the stagnant water in the piping may result in an evaluation error or a system error of the equipment due to the lack of flow. To avoid such errors, the Colormetry provides the following two methods, which may be used simultaneously.

#### Method No.1: Monitor start and stop times

The monitor start time [S Start] and monitor stop time [S Stop] settings limit the period during which monitoring is performed. The provision helps avoid monitoring while water is not used.

Example: Operation period: 8:00 through 17:00

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Set the monitor start time [S Start] at 8:00 and stop time [S Stop] at 17:00

#### Method No.2: Remote signal input

Connecting the external contact with no-voltage enables to control the Colormetry for monitoring only while feeding water.

The purpose of remote signal is to prevent a monitoring while the system, which the Colormetry is monitoring for, is stopped, such case as the filtration equipment is at the regenerating period.

#### 2.1.2 Detailed descriptions

The remote signal input may be processed to enable monitoring in either two methods.

- [1] The OFF state
- [2] The ON state

The two methods are selectable in the setting mode [Set Mode]. Both methods achieve the same objective (of preventing an evaluation error), though they process the signal differently.

[1] Monitoring is enabled by remote signal being turned OFF [S Rte Sgl OFF] (the factory setting)

The OFF state of the remote signal (the external contact is open) permits scheduled monitoring after the monitor interval [S Intvl] as preset in the setting mode [Set Mode]. (The monitor interval [S Intvl] may be set in 30 minutes increments between 30 and 240 minutes. The reagent will last approximately 4 months on the basis of every 180 minutes monitoring.)

- [2] Monitoring is enabled by remote signal being turned ON [S Rte Sgl ON] The ON state of the remote signal (the external contact closes) permits scheduled monitoring after the monitor interval [S Intvl].
  - Example [2]-1: Input feeding water signal of water softener or other filtration equipment. When there is a water softener or water treatment equipment has the contact which turns ON (close) while feeding water, and connecting this contact to the Colormetry, this remote signal enables scheduled monitoring only while feeding water. When water stops, and the contact of a water softener or other filtration equipment turns OFF (open), scheduled monitoring is not performed.

Example [2]-2: Input control signal of motor valve or solenoid valve

When a signal from a motor value or solenoid value that controls feeding water, is used as a remote signal to the Colormetry, it enables monitoring only while the value is open and while feeding water.

Example [2]-3: Input supply tank water-level control signal

When a "requesting feed water" signal from the equipment that controls a water level of a supply tank is used as a remote signal to the Colormetry, monitoring is performed only for a while the request is made, and while feeding water.

#### NOTE

It is recommended to input a remote signal if it is possible, to prevent an evaluation error or a system error. The feeding water signal, if available, should be utilized as the first priority. If the regeneration signal is the only remote operation signal available from the filtration equipment, an evaluation error or temperature error may occur from monitoring the stagnant water while the water is stopped, or a system error may occur due to the lack of flow. A remote signal input arrangement, as shown in examples [2]-1, [2]-2 and [2]-3 is highly recommended.

#### NOTE

If no remote signal is input, be sure to set to the OFF state [S Rte Sgl OFF] (the factory setting).

#### 2.1.3 Delay time of remote signal

The purpose of remote signal delay time [S DelayTime]:

The setting determines the number of seconds the monitoring (filling with the sample water) is to be delayed after receiving the remote signal. It is not commonly used function, however it is effective to prevent an evaluation error in the example case shown below.

#### Example of delay:

It is recommended that the sample water for the Colormetry should be taken off as close to the main piping. However, in a case as illustrated below, where the sample water is taken off from the secondary line of a motor valve or the valve required a certain amount of time to open fully, the valve might not open at the time the Colormetry received the remote signal from the filtration equipment. A wash flow error [Wash Flow F] may occur due to insufficient sample water pressure.



To prevent such a problem, select the remote signal delay time [S DelayTime] setting and set the required time needed the valve to open fully and ensure the required raw water pressure at the Colormetry inlet.

## 2.2 Colormetry Monitor Timing

### 2.2.1 Automatic monitoring

The interval between monitoring is set in the monitor interval [S Intvl] setting at the setting mode [Set Mode] (The interval is selectable in 30minutes increments between the 30 to 240 minutes range).

The initial time point of monitor interval [S Intvl] is the first monitoring which carried out soon after the Colormetry is supplied the power or is reset. The next monitoring will start after the preset time of the monitor interval [S Intvl] from this initial time point.

If the monitor interval [S Intvl] setting is changed, the initial time point is also changed to the monitoring soon before the change is made. And the monitoring will start after the new setting time from the last monitoring.

[1] Without remote signal input

Monitoring is performed periodically at the monitor interval [S Intvl].

- [2] With remote signal input
  - a. If the remote signal setting is <u>for "monitoring is enabled by remote signal being</u> <u>turned OFF" [S Rte Sgl OFF]:</u>

(Example of remote signal: Regeneration signal from filtration equipment)

- When the preset time of the monitor interval[S Intvl] has passed, if the remote signal is OFF, the remote signal delay time [S Rte Sgl dl] will start. If the remote signal is continuously OFF while preset remote signal delay time, monitoring will start soon after the remote signal delay time is finished.
- When the preset time of the monitor interval [S Intvl] has passed, if the remote signal is ON, the Colormetry keeps in standby until the remote signal is change back to OFF. When the remote signal is back to OFF, the preset remote signal delay time [S Rte Sgl dl] will start. If the remote signal is continuously OFF while preset remote signal delay time, monitoring will start soon after the remote signal delay time is finished.



## b. If the remote signal setting is <u>for "monitoring is enabled by remote signal being</u> <u>turned ON " [S Rte Sgl ON]:</u>

(Example of remote signal: Feeding water signal from filtration equipment)

- When the preset time of the monitor interval [S Intvl] has passed, if the remote signal is ON, the remote signal delay time S Rte Sgl dl[] will start. If the remote signal is continuously ON while preset remote signal delay time, monitoring will start soon after the remote signal delay time is finished.
- When the preset time of the monitor interval [S Intvl] has passed, if the remote signal is OFF, the Colormetry keeps in standby until the remote signal is change back to ON. When the remote signal is back to ON, the preset remote signal delay time [S Rte Sgl dl] will start. If the remote signal is continuously ON while preset remote signal delay time, monitoring will start soon after the remote signal delay time is finished



#### Precautions on operation with remote signal input

If the remote signal turns to disabling monitoring in middle of monitoring process, the monitoring process will still be carried out to completion. However, the verification of monitoring result is different by which state of monitoring when the remote signal is received by the Colormetry

In case the remote signal turns to disable monitoring after water discharging from the drain-water tube is complete and drainage is stopped by the solenoid valve in the Colormetry is closed, the monitoring result will remain valid.

In case the remote signal turns before water discharge from the drain-water tube completed and the solenoid valve is still open, the monitoring result will be processed as follow:

a. If the concentration is evaluated as being lower than the alarm set point:

The result will remain valid and will be displayed as usual.

b. <u>If the concentration is evaluated as being the alarm set point and up:</u> <u>The evaluation will be invalidated and the previous result will be displayed.</u>

Monitoring is disabled under the following conditions:

- When the remote signal is turned OFF while the remote signal setting is [S Rte Sgl ON].
- When the remote signal is turned ON while the remote signal setting is [S Rte Sgl OFF].
- [3] With monitor start time [S Start] and stop time [S Stop]
  - a. When the preset time of the monitor interval [S Intvl] has passed, but not monitor start time [S Start] yet, the Colormetry keeps in standby until the monitor start time. When the monitor start time came, the preset remote signal delay time will start and monitoring will start soon after the remote signal delay time is finished.
  - b. Without a remote signal input, monitoring will be performed at monitor interval [S Intvl] only during the period between the monitor start time [S Start] and stop time [S Stop].
  - c. Witha remote signal input, monitoring will be performed in the same manner as in paragraph [2] with remote signal input, only during the period between the monitor start time [S Start] and stop time [S Stop].





d. If it becomes the monitor stop time [S Stop] during the monitoring process, the Colormetry will become in standby upon the completion of that monitoring.

#### NOTE

If the remote signal setting is for "monitoring is enabled by remote signal being turned ON" [S Rte Sgl ON], periodically check the remote signal.

If no remote signal is available due to a malfunction, the monitoring process will never start.

#### 2.2.2 Manual monitoring

Press the manual monitor switch to monitor regardless of the monitor interval, remote signal, monitor start or stop time settings.

(The monitoring will not start, if the reagent cartridge is not installed. The Colormetry may start the self check on a system error.)

#### 2.3 Concentration Evaluation

The evaluation range of Colormetry is from 0 mg/L to 2.0 mg/L.

The alarm set point may be set to trigger for high concentration at 0.05 mg/L to 2.0 mg/L and for low concentration at 0.05 mg/L to 1.8 mg/L.

#### NOTE

To monitor concentration to prevent the membrane of RO equipment from deteriorating, adjust the alarm set point to 0.05 mg/L for high concentration and "-.-" for low concentration.

#### 2.3.1 Manual monitoring

If a monitoring result is below the alarm set point [S AlarmH], as set in the setting mode [Set Mode], it will be evaluated as normal. The result of such evaluation will be displayed and monitoring is completed.



\*1:The sample display, shown in the table, represents an evaluation within the 0.5 mg/L range.

#### 2.3.2 Concentration anomaly

[1] If an evaluation result is the <u>alarm set point [S AlarmH]</u> and up, monitoring is repeated the number of times as set (between 1 to 3) in <u>the concentration anomaly retry [S Alarm Inc No]</u> setting. If all retry results have been <u>the alarm set point [S AlarmH]</u> and up, only then, the monitor result will be determined as concentration anomaly. If, on the other hand, a retry results become to lower than the alarm set point [S AlarmH]

setting, the condition will be determined to be normal and monitoring will be finished.

[2] However, an anomaly evaluation made in step [1] alone would not trigger a high concentration anomaly alarm (that is, to sound buzzer and close the remote alarm output contact).

In addition, such an anomaly evaluation must be repeated in a series of monitoring at a preset interval [S Intvl] for a number of times. The response alarm cycle [S Alarm Det No] is set the number of times(selectable between 1 to 8 times). When all of these monitoring results indicate a concentration anomaly, it is finally evaluated that a concentration anomaly exists and the alarm is issued.



- \* The sample display on abnormal evaluation, shown in the table, represents an evaluation within the 1.2 mg/L range (alarm set point: 1.0 mg/L).
- \* For low concentration anomaly, when the evaluation as low concentration under the alarm set point [S AlarmL] is repeated a number of monitoring and reties of [1] and [2], low concentration anomaly is finally determined.

- [3] If a concentration anomaly occurs repeatedly in a series of automatic monitoring at the monitor interval [S Intvl], or in manual monitoring, the concentration anomaly alarm will stay on continuously.
- [4] The concentration anomaly alarm is automatically terminated (the buzzer stops and the remote alarm output contact opens) upon that the condition is determined normal in automatic monitoring at the monitor interval [S Intvl], or in manual monitoring.

#### Example of Monitor 1:

Concentration anomaly retry [S Alarm Inc No] setting: 2 Response alarm cycle [S Alarm Det No] setting: 2



Monitor A: The result is below the alarm set point. The condition is normal.

- Monitor B: The result is higher than the alarm set point. Since the concentration anomaly retry setting is for two times, another monitoring is performed, which again is higher. The condition in monitor B is evaluated as a concentration anomaly.
- Monitor C: As monitor B, the both results are higher than the alarm set point. The condition in monitor C, is also evaluated as a concentration anomaly.

A concentration anomaly has been verified twice, in monitor B and C, so that the concentration anomaly alarm is now issued.

Monitor D: As monitor C, the results are higher than the alarm set point.

The condition in monitor D is evaluated as a concentration anomaly, following an already issued concentration anomaly alarm. The alarm will continue.

#### Example of Monitor 2:

Concentration anomaly retry [S Alarm Inc No] setting: 3 Response alarm cycle [S Alarm Det No] setting: 1



Monitor A: The result is below the alarm set point. The condition is normal.

- Monitor B: The result is higher than the alarm set point. Since the concentration anomaly retry setting is for three times, another monitoring is performed, which again is higher. The third retry result, however, is below the alarm set point. The condition in Monitor B is normal.
- Monitor C: The first three results are higher than the alarm set point. The condition in monitor C is also evaluated as a concentration anomaly.

A concentration anomaly verified once, since the response alarm cycle is set as once, a concentration anomaly alarm is now issued.

Monitor D: The result is below the alarm set point. The condition in monitor D is normal. The concentration anomaly alarm is now automatically terminated.

#### NOTE

If a result is evaluated as a concentration anomaly and carrying out the series of monitoring as the concentration anomaly retry, if one of the monitoring result is invalidated so that the series of monitoring fails to satisfy the concentration anomaly retry [S Alarm Inc No] requirement, the evaluation of the session will still evaluated as a concentration anomaly.

#### SECTION 4 OPARATION

2.3.2.1 Display onl evaluation result (\*1)





- \*1: The sample display represents an evaluation exceeding 1.6 mg/L. The LCD will be switched automatically [Result: 1.6 mg/L] and [High Free CI].
- \*2: The notification of low concentration anomaly is displayed as below.



#### Switched automatically

2.3.2.2 Output on concentration anomaly

- a. When a concentration anomaly alarm is issued, the buzzer sounds. In case that the remote alarm output [S Rte Alarm] is NC, the remote alarm output contact opens. In case that the remote alarm output [S Rte Alarm] is NO, the remote alarm output contact closes.
- b. When a concentration anomaly alarm is issued, pressing the manual monitor (buzzer reset) switch on the front cover of the equipment will stop the buzzer.
  The remote alarm output contact, however, will <u>remain closed until the condition is evaluated</u> <u>as normal</u> in an automatic monitoring at the monitor interval [S Intvl], or manual monitoring.
- c. Once the buzzer is stopped by pressing the manual monitor (buzzer reset) switch, it will remain disabled if carry out the manual monitoring immediately and the result was evaluated as a concentration anomaly.

If, however, a condition is once evaluated as normal in automatic monitoring at the monitor interval [S Intvl] or manual monitoring, then the buzzer will activate for another result of a concentration anomaly next time.

2.3.2.3 Workings of concentration anomaly alarm and action to take



- [1] The buzzer sounds for a concentration anomaly.
- [2] The buzzer stops by pressing the manual monitor (buzzer reset) switch.

(The Colormetry will not automatically start manual monitoring. To start manual monitoring, press the manual monitor (buzzer reset) switch again.)

(The LCD will remain the same.)

#### NOTE

The remote alarm output contact will not be cancelled until the condition is evaluated as normal.

## **SECTION 5 INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

## 1 Reagent Cartridge

## 1.1 Reagent Cartridge Replacement Timing

While the self check, if "New Cartridge" is displayed, the remained volume of reagent is low and the evaluation error might occurs. For the new reagent cartridge, please contact your dealer or MIURA sales office.

## 1.2 Cautions for Handling

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Never disassemble the reagent cartridge.

Reagent may splatter onto the skin or the eyes.

If the reagent gets on the skin or in the eyes, rinse immediately with water.

- The cartridge life is about 1 year from the date of manufacture, and is used up within approximately 4 months of installation. Check the manufacturing date on the package and replace the reagent cartridge over the life span.
- Do not store the reagent cartridge long time. Store the reagent cartridge in a cool, dark place.
- Do not open the bag until it actually use. If it is open, the reagent degrading might be accelerated.
- When installing a reagent cartridge, insert it slowly, keeping the end of the tube from hitting the body of the equipment. It might affect to the chemical feeding volume and cases evaluation error or damage completely.
- Do not use the reagent cartridge for the use other than the Colormetry.
- Do not disassemble the reagent cartridge and dispose it as chemical waste in accordance with local regulations.
- For the detail information of reagent, refer to the safety data sheet.

#### 1.3 Reagent Cartridge Replacement Method

## NOTE

- Replace the reagent cartridge while the power is supplied to the equipment. Close the sample water collecting ball valve and replace while monitoring standby period.
- When install the reagent cartridge, attach the D-Ring first. To install D-Ring to the reagent cartridge, dip the D-Ring into water.
- If the reagent cartridge is removed from the equipment other than replacement and put it back, do not push the manual monitor (buzzer stop) switch for about 60 sec. after install the old reagent cartridge. If you press the manual monitor (buzzer stop) switch soon after installation, the reagent cartridge replacement timer counter will be reset.



Figure 5-1 Reagent cartridge replacement

## 2 Fiber Filter and Constant Flow Valve Replacement

2.1 Fiber Filter Replacement Timing

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Do not place anything which might cause electric leakage underneath the equipment.

The equipment is designed to drain water from the bottom of the equipment if there is inner water leakage. Water might splash to the item under the equipment.

If "Wash F : F265", "Injection F : F281" and "Wash Flow: F0866" displayed even though the raw water pressure is the normal range and there are no other cause, the fiber filter might clogged. The filter life is about 4 months, but it might be shorten depend on the water quality. If there are no alarm displayed, replace the fiber filter every 4 months.

## 2.2 Fiber Filter Replacement

#### 2.2.1 Remove filter casing assembly

- 1) Close the sample water collecting ball valve.
- 2) Press the manual monitor (buzzer stop) switch to carry out manual monitoring to reduce the internal pressure.
- 3) 15 sec. after pressing the manual monitor (buzzer stop) switch; cut the power supply off from the equipment.

#### NOTE

When you take off the feed-water tube, push the release bush on the tube joint and pull the tube out (refer to Fig. 5-3). If you pull the tube without pushing the bush, end of the tube clogged in the tube joint and small pieces of the tube might be remained. When you push the new tube in, it might not able to push it through.

- 4) Pull off the feed-water tube from the filter casing assembly.
- 5) Take out the filter casing assembly from the Colormetry.
- 6) When you take out the filter casing assembly, the constant flow valve is on top of the filter casing assembly. If it is not there, it might remain in the Colormetry. If so take it out gently.

#### 2.2.2 Fiber filter replacement

- 1) The filter casing assembly comes apart into two sections. To take them apart, rotate the top and bottom sections in a counterclockwise direction.
- 2) Remove the fiber filter cartridge from the box (or bag). Insert the tip end of the fiber filter into the center of the filter case (top). Then, firmly tighten the filter case (top) and filter case (bottom) back together.



Figure 5-2 Fiber filter replacement

#### 2.2.3 Filter case assembly installation

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Do not apply grease or lube when install the filter casing assembly. It might damage the material of the equipment and cause water leakage.

#### NOTE

When you install the filter casing assembly, simply screw it in by hand. Do not use any kind of fitting tool. If you use tools to screw in with excess power, the filter casing assembly and the bottom plate of the Colormetry might be broken.

1) Attach the constant flow valve on top of the filter casing assembly, then screw in the filter casing assembly into the Colormetry.

#### NOTE

If using the removed tube once again, cut the end of the tube clean and even by the tube cutter. Exercise with care to avoid injury when using the tube cutter.

- 2) Push in the feed-water tube to the filter case assembly
- 3) Open the sample water collecting ball valve and make sure there is no leakage.
- 4) Supply the power to the Colormetry.



Figure 5-3 Filter case assembly installation

## 3 Daily Inspection

#### 3.1 Inspection Item

# WARNING



Do not use the equipment if there is smoke, abnormal odor or noise, excessive overheating, or other abnormalities. If an abnormality occurs, do not operate the equipment. Also, make sure an earth leakage circuit breaker is turned OFF and a main feed-water valve is closed and contact your dealer or MIURA sales office.

Failure to observe this precaution may lead to electric shock, fire, or a fault.

#### NOTE

Please wipe with dry soft cloth when cleaning. Rubbing with hard cloth may make scratches.

#### 3.1.1 Monitor operation

Make sure it is monitoring automatically. If the remote signal input is used, but the remote signal has some problem, the automatic monitoring does not start.



P24 Section 4 1.2 Automatic Monitoring

#### 3.1.2 Feed-water and drain-water tube



Replace a tube if a defect such as deformation (a bend or fold), discoloration, hardening, or cracking is detected on the tube surface. If a deteriorated tube is continuously used, it can rip and cause water leakage. Please use specified tubes when exchanging tubes. Using tubes other than specified tubes may cause leakage.

Exercise with care to keeping the tubes free from bents or holds.

If the feed-water tube is bent, it might cause insufficient feed water volume.

If the drain-water tube is clogged, the internal pressure builds up in the equipment and causes water leakage. Use specified tubes when exchanging tubes. Using tubes other than specified tubes may cause leakage.

#### 3.1.3 Filter case assembly





If there is a defect or cracking on the filter casing assembly, turn OFF an earth leakage circuit breaker and close a main feed-water valve. Then, replace the filter casing assembly.

If water leakage is not stopped even though tightening the filter casing assembly and tube joint, replace the filter casing assembly.

#### 3.2 Inspection Mode (CMU-324CL)

If there is a condensation anomaly or incomplete reagent injection occurred, and while carry out the periodical inspection, you can change the coefficient for condensation evaluation. Follow below procedure to change the Colormetry setting at the inspection mode.

1) Monitoring by Colormetry

Make sure the pressure applied to the Colormetry and press the manual monitoring switch and carry our the monitoring.

- Measuring by the handy water quality monitor (reagent for free residual chlorine)
  Use the calibrated handy water quality monitor which using DPD method and measure the water from the same source.
- 3) Comperison

If the result is different, change the Colormetry mode to the inspection mode and change the result value of the Colormetry meet with the handy water quality monitor.

\* "Result: " is display while monitoring at the LCD. When you change to the inspection mode it change to "Check: ".

- \*1. Change to the inspection mode with in 5 minutes afer the monitoring comoplete.
- \*2. If you do not operate on the inspection mode for 1 minutes, a mode will change back to the monitor mode.
- \*3. If the result is on or above 2.0 mg/L, a mode does not change to the inspection mode.
- \*4. If the measured value of a handy water quality monitor is too high concentration (>2.0 mg/L) or too low concentration (<=0.1mg/L) over the range which the Colormetry can take, do not change the setting. Check the actual water quality (free residual chlorine).



Figure 5-4 Inspection mode

#### 3.3 Others

 When a condensation anomaly or incomplete reagent injection occurred (CMU-324CL) The monitoring concentration range is 0.0-2.0 mg/L. If high concentration water is fed, it might cause a concentration anomaly and incomplete regent injection. Check the water quality by the calibrated water quality monitor which used DPD method.

## SECTION 6 BREAKDOWN AND COUNTERMEASURES

### 1 Self Check Function

#### 1.1 Display

If the Colormetry fail for the self check, the major cause is displayed in the LCD.

If you cannot handle, please contact your dealer or MIURA sales office as soon as possible.

#### 1.2 Alarm



Figure 6-1 Flowchart when alarm occurs

#### NOTE

It is possible to cut the buzzer from the beginning.

Check the Installation and Start Up User's Manual.

#### 1.3 Alarm Reset

The buzzer stops by pressing the manual monitor (buzzer reset) switch.

The Colormetry will not automatically starts manual monitoring and error message displays at LCD for 3 second. If you press the manual monitor (buzzer reset) switch once again, another self check starts.

• The automatic monitoring will carry out even though the alarm condition.

If the error caused an alarm is resolved, the alarm is reset automatically.

If alarm is caused because the reagent cartridge is not installed, monitoring will not start until the equipment confirms the reagent cartridge is installed.

## 2 Self Check Items

### NOTE

If the problem did not solve by the procedure on below table, contact your dealer or MIURA sales office.

Display	Cause	Solution
Cartridge_OFF_F	Reagent cartridge is not installed or not installed well	Firmly installed the reagent cartridge and lock the cartridge lever
Wash Flow F:F086	Sample water volume is reduced. Raw water pressure is low.	Raw water pressure should be on or above 0.05MPa
	Feed-water and/or drain-water tube is clogged.	Fix the tube from holds or bends
	Filter is clogged	Replace the fiber filter
Wash F :F265	Insufficient wash Ball valve at the water collecting point is closed	Open the ball valve
	Feed-water and/or drain-water tube is clogged	Fix the tube from holds and bends
	Filter is clogged	Replace the fiber filter
High Temperature	Sample water is too hot Should not feed water its temperature above 50 dig. C to the Colormetry	Check the sample water temperature
New Cartridge	Rplacment timing of the regent cartridge	Replace the reagent cartridge
Injection F F281	Insufficient reagent injection	Replace the reagent cartridge
Thmsta F :C131	Thermista is broken or disconnected	Contact your dealer or MIURA sales office
Pump F :C444	Chemical feed pump motor or sensor is malfunction	Contact your dealer or MIURA sales office
Photo Rpt F:C365	Light source or photoreceptor is malfunction	Contact your dealer or MIURA sales office
SelfCheck F:A000 Data F :C500	Control board is malfunction	Contact your dealer or MIURA sales office
Comm F :F090	Communication system does not match. Power failure in the communication board	Recover from power failure
	Short circuit or malfunction on the communication board.	Contact your dealer or MIURA sales office

#### Table 6-1 Display and Solution of a Self check items

## SECTION 7 STORAGE

## **1** Extended Inactivity

If the equipment is to be inactive for an extended period of time, contact your dealer or MIURA sales office for advice.

### NOTE

If the equipment will not be used for an extended period of time (more than a week), it should be stored properly. If the equipment is not used, it is often overlooked and is not kept properly. If not properly maintained while idle, the equipment may not operate correctly when subsequently started up.

## 2 Transfer or Resale



Do not perform any unapproved installation work or connect any peripheral equipment.

Failure to observe this precaution may lead to personal injuries.

If you intend to relocate or sell your MIURA water treatment equipment, contact your dealer or MIURA sales office in order that installation work can be carried out correctly and that the peripheral equipment may be set up. In addition, ensure that User's Manual and the like are kept in order that they may also be provided to the new owner in the event of resale.





## 3 Export

This product was manufactured for use in the country where MIURA judges that the export of the product is allowable.

Therefore, the full performance may be inhibited due to differences in operating environment if the product is used outside the current country of use.

Regarding export, you are to comply with the laws and regulations.

You will also come under control in many cases, with regard to export, on-site import, and onsite use according to the laws and regulations of the destination for the export.

When exporting the product, contact your dealer or MIURA sales office.

# SECTION 8 DISPOSAL

## 1 Disposal

When disposing of the product, comply with the laws and regulations.

## SECTION 9 WARRANTY

## **1** Note Regarding Warranty

Regarding the contents of the warranty, contact your dealer or MIURA sales office.

## 2 Questions Regarding the Product and User's Manual

For any questions about your purchased product or the content of this User's Manual, contact your dealer or MIURA sales office.

## 3 If the User's Manual is Lost

The User's Manual contains the information for the safe usage. In the event of loss of the User's Manual, contact your dealer or MIURA sales office.

## AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE in EU

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